



NW	ActionAid International
NW	ADRA
NW	Aprodev
NP	Austria
NP	Belgium
NP	Bulgaria
NW	CARE
NW	Caritas Europa
NW	CBM International
NW	CIDSE
NP	Czech Republic : FoRS
NP	Cyprus: CYINDEP
NP	Denmark: EU-NGO
NP	Estonia: AKÜ
NW	EU-CORD
NW	Eurodad
NW	Eurostep
NP	Finland: Kehys ry
NP	France: Coordination SUD
NP	Germany: VENRO
NP	Greece
NP	Hungary: HAND
NW	IPPF European Network
NP	Ireland: Dóchas
NP	Italy: ONG italiane
NP	Latvia: Lapas
NP	Luxembourg : Cercle
NP	Malta: SKOP
NP	the Netherlands
NW	Oxfam International
NW	Plan Europe
NP	Poland: Grupa Zagranica
NP	Portugal
NW	Save the Children
NP	Slovakia: MVRO
NP	Slovenia: SLOGA
NW	Solidar
NP	Spain: CoNgDe
NP	Sweden: CONCORD Sverige
NW	Terre des Hommes F.I.
NP	UK: Bond
NW	World Vision
NW	Wide
NP	National platform
NW	Network

EU should support calls for financial transaction tax said CONCORD

European development agencies today welcomed the commitment of European and other world leaders to deliver on the Millennium Development Goals by 2015. But they warned that with just five years to go European countries must get back on track to meet their aid spending targets.

They also welcomed the support by France, Belgium and Spain for a tax on financial transactions - proposed by development agencies for the past decade - to secure new money to accelerate progress towards the goals and said Europe should unite to agree this tax. CONCORD, the European confederation of NGOs, urged the European community to support President Sarkozy in pushing for this tax when his country takes the presidency of the G8 in 2011.

CONCORD said a financial transaction tax could provide a desperately needed lifeline to billions of the poorest people in the world. *"It could deliver up to \$400 billion annually and complement European aid budgets, allowing the EU to target specific initiatives in countries that have made the least progress towards the goals,"* CONCORD President Justin Kilcullen said.

CONCORD expressed disappointment at the failure of the majority of EU member states to meet their aid commitments, particularly Germany, France and Italy given their membership of the G7. EU countries must deliver on the commitment to spend 0.7 per cent of national income on development aid by 2015, CONCORD said.

"We have five years left to keep the promise we made to the world's poorest people," Mr Kilcullen said. *"To truly eradicate poverty we must firstly meet our aid commitments. We also need to look at the structures that make and keep people poor. That means examining our global and bilateral deals on trade, dealing with the debt crisis of the poorest countries and facing up to our responsibility on climate change".*

"In addition we must recognise that without the respect of human rights of and especially women being fully recognised and their full participation in society the MDGs will not be attained."

CONCORD said with sufficient resources, the EU could clearly and collectively lay out its action plan for achieving the MDGs by 2015. *"If we fail to deliver it will be an indictment of the wealthiest countries in the world. Europe must show leadership at this crucial time",* the Confederation stated.

CONCORD is the European confederation of relief and development NGOs. Its national associations and international networks represent over 1 600 NGOs which are supported by millions of citizens across Europe. CONCORD leads reflection and political actions and regularly engages in dialogue with the European institutions and other civil society organisations. It is part of the [Global Call to Action against Poverty](#), [Open Forum for CSO Development effectiveness](#), and [Spring Alliance](#). Find out more about CONCORD on www.concordeurope.org.